### § 111.105-35

- (f) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 or Division 2 location is the same division as that location, except:
- (1) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 location is not a hazardous location if:
- (i) The access has self-closing gastight doors that form an air lock;
- (ii) The ventilation causes greater pressure in the space than in the Division 1 location; and
- (iii) Loss of ventilation overpressure is alarmed at a manned station;
- (2) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 location can be considered as a Division 2 location if:
- (i) The access has a self-closing, gastight door that opens into the space and that has no hold-back device:
- (ii) Ventilation causes the air to flow with the door open from the space into the Division 1 location; and
- (iii) Loss of ventilation is alarmed at a manned control station; and
- (3) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 2 location is not a hazardous location if:
- (i) The access has a self-closing, gastight door that opens into the space and that has no hold-back device;
- (ii) Ventilation causes the air to flow with the door open from the space into the Division 2 location; and
- (iii) Loss of ventilation actuates an alarm at a manned control station.
- (g) Electrical equipment and devices installed in spaces made non-hazardous by the methods indicated in paragraph (f) of this section must be limited to essential equipment.

## $\S 111.105-35$ Vessels carrying coal.

- (a) The following are Class II, Division 1, (Zone 10 or Z) locations on a vessel that carries coal:
- (1) The interior of each coal bin and hold.
- (2) Each compartment that has a coal transfer point where coal is transferred, dropped, or dumped.
- (3) Each open area within 3 meters (10 ft) of a coal transfer point where coal is dropped or dumped.
- (b) Each space that has a coal conveyer on a vessel that carries coal is a Class II, Division 2, (Zone 11 or Y) space.

(c) A space that has a coal conveyer on a vessel that carries coal must have electrical equipment approved for Class II, Division 2, (Zone 11 or Y) hazardous locations, except watertight general emergency alarm signals.

[CGD 94-108, 61 FR 28285, June 4, 1996]

#### §111.105-37 Flammable anesthetics.

Each electric installation where a flammable anesthetic is used or stored must meet NFPA 99 (incorporated by reference, see 46 CFR 110.10–1).

[USCG-2003-16630, 73 FR 65200, Oct. 31, 2008]

#### § 111.105-39 Additional requirements for vessels carrying vehicles with fuel in their tanks.

Each vessel that carries a vehicle with fuel in its tank must meet the requirements of ABS Steel Vessel Rules (incorporated by reference; see 46 CFR 110.10-1), section 5-10-4/3, except as follows:

- (a) If the ventilation requirements of ABS Steel Vessel Rules section 5–10–4/3 are not met, all installed electrical equipment must be suitable for a Class I, Division 1; Zone 0; or Zone 1 hazardous location.
- (b) If the vessel is fitted with an approved fixed gas detection system set at 25 percent the LEL, each item of the installed electrical equipment must meet the requirements for a Class I, Division 1; Class I, Division 2; Zone 0; Zone 1; or Zone 2 hazardous location.

[CGD 94-108, 61 FR 28285, June 4, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 23909, May 1, 1997; USCG-2003-16630, 73 FR 65200, Oct. 31, 2008]

# §111,105–40 Additional requirements for RO/RO vessels.

- (a) Each RO/RO vessel must meet ABS Steel Vessel Rules (incorporated by reference; see 46 CFR 110.10–1), section 4–8–4/27.3.2.
- (b) Each item of installed electrical equipment must meet the requirements for a Class I, Division 1; Class I, Division 2; Zone 0; Zone 1; or Zone 2 hazardous location when installed 460 mm (18 inches) or more above the deck of closed cargo spaces. Electrical equipment installed within 460 mm (18 inches) of the deck must be suitable for either a Class I, Division 1; Zone 0; or Zone 1 hazardous location.